

BNP PARIBAS - INDIAN BRANCHES

SCHEDULE 17 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2013

(1) BACKGROUND

The financial statements for the financial year ended 31st March 2013, comprise accounts of Indian branches of BNP Paribas SA, which is incorporated in France with limited liability.

(2) BASIS OF PREPARATION

The financial statements are prepared and presented under the historical cost convention and on an accrual basis of accounting, unless otherwise stated and comply with the Accounting Standards notified by the Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules, 2006 (as amended) to the extent applicable and conform to the statutory requirements prescribed under the Banking Regulation Act, 1949, circulars and guidelines issued by the Reserve Bank of India ('RBI') from time to time and current practices prevailing within the banking industry in India.

(3) USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India requires the management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, revenues and expenses and disclosure of contingent liabilities as at the date of the financial statements. The management believes that the estimates used in preparation of the financial statements are prudent and reasonable. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Any revision in the accounting estimates is recognized prospectively in the current and future periods.

(4) REVENUE RECOGNITION

- (i) Interest income is recognised on accrual basis except in case of non-performing assets where it is recognised upon realisation as per the RBI guidelines and in accordance with the Accounting Standard on revenue recognition.
- (ii) Commission on LCs and guarantees is recognised over the life of the instrument.
- (iii) Other fee incomes are recognised at the time the services are rendered and a right to receive the same is established.
- (iv) The Indian branches participate in an integrated dealing room activity with its Head Office and other branches and account for its profits / losses on Derivative transactions under a Residual Profit Split method.

(5) TRANSACTIONS INVOLVING FOREIGN EXCHANGE

- (i) Transactions denominated in foreign currencies are accounted at rates prevailing on the date of the transaction. Exchange differences arising on foreign currency transactions settled during the period are recognized in the Profit and Loss Account of the period.
- (ii) Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currency as at the balance sheet date are translated at the rates of exchange notified by the Foreign Exchange Dealers' Association of India ('FEDAI') and the resultant gains or losses are recognized in the Profit and Loss Account.
- (iii) Outstanding spot contracts are revalued at the rates of exchange notified by FEDAI and the resulting gains or losses are recognised in the Profit and Loss Account.

Outstanding forward exchange contracts are revalued at the period end exchange rates notified by FEDAI for specified maturities and at interpolated rates for contracts of interim maturity (and at foreign exchange rates implied by the swap curves for respective currencies for contracts with maturities greater than 12 months), discounted to present value and the resultant profits or losses are included in the Profit and Loss account. The notional principal of these contracts is reported under 'Contingent Liabilities'.

- (iv) Contingent liabilities in respect of outstanding forward exchange contracts, guarantees, acceptances, endorsements and other obligations are stated at the spot rates of exchange notified by FEDAI at the year-end.

(6) DERIVATIVE TRANSACTIONS

- (i) Outstanding derivative transactions designated as 'Trading', which include interest rate swaps ('IRS'), currency swaps ('CS') and currency options are marked to market using the Present Value methodology. The resulting gains or losses are included in the Profit and Loss Account. The net unrealised gains or losses on these products are recorded in the Balance Sheet under Other Assets or Other Liabilities and Provisions.
- (ii) Derivative transactions undertaken for hedging purposes are accounted for on an accrual basis, except those undertaken for hedging an asset or liability that is carried at lower of cost or market value in the financial statements. In such cases, the derivatives are marked to market with the resulting profits or losses being recorded as adjustments to the market values of the designated assets or liabilities.
- (iii) Premium paid and received on options is accounted up-front in the Profit and Loss Account. The options are marked to market using the Present Value methodology and the resulting profits or losses are recognised in the Profit and Loss Account.
- (iv) Amounts due to the Bank under derivative contracts which remain unpaid in cash for more than 90 days from the specified date of payment are classified as non-performing assets.

(7) INVESTMENTS

(i) Accounting and Classification

- In accordance with the extant guidelines issued by the RBI, the Bank classifies its investment portfolio into three categories viz., 'Held to Maturity', 'Available for Sale' and 'Held for Trading'. Under each of these categories, investments are further classified under six groups namely, Government Securities, Other Approved Securities, Shares, Debentures and Bonds, Subsidiaries and Joint Ventures and Others. The Bank decides the categorisation of each investment at the time of acquisition.

- All investments are accounted for on settlement date basis

(ii) Valuation

- Held to Maturity:

Government securities and debentures and bonds acquired by the Bank with the intention to hold them up to maturity are classified as held to maturity investments and are valued at cost. Unquoted debentures and bonds deemed to be in the nature of an advance are valued at cost. In case the cost price is higher than the face value, such premium is amortised over the period to maturity. Where the cost price is less than the face value, such discount is ignored. Diminution other than temporary, if any, in the value of such investments is determined and provided for on each investment individually.

- Available for Sale:

Government securities are valued at the lower of book value and market value. Market value is determined on the basis of market quotations at the year-end published by Fixed Income Money Market and Derivatives Association of India ('FIMMDA').

Unquoted debentures and bonds, other than those deemed to be in the nature of an advance, are valued on the yield to maturity basis in accordance with the methodology specified by the RBI guidelines.

Net depreciation if any, in any of the classification mentioned in Schedule 8 'Investments' is recognized in the Profit and Loss account. Net appreciation under each classification is ignored.

Discounted instruments are valued at carrying cost. Discount accrued on these are reported under 'Other Assets – Interest Accrued'.

- Held for Trading:

The individual scrips in the Held for Trading securities are marked to market at monthly intervals. Net depreciation under each classification, if any, is provided for; net appreciation, if any, is ignored.

(iii) **Transfer between categories**

Transfer of securities between categories of investments is carried out in accordance with the RBI guidelines and accounted for at the lower of the acquisition cost, book value and the market value on the date of transfer and depreciation, if any, on such transfer is fully provided for.

(iv) **Profit or loss on sale / redemption of investments**

- Held to Maturity:

Profit or loss on sale/redemption of such investments is included in the Profit and Loss Account. Profit, if any, after being adjusted for tax and statutory reserve transfer, is thereafter appropriated to the Capital Reserve.

- Available for Sale and Held for Trading:

Profit or loss on sale/redemption of such investments is included in the Profit and Loss Account.

(v) **Repurchase and Reverse Repurchase transactions**

Repurchase (Repo) and Reverse repurchase (Reverse repo) transactions are accounted for as collateralized borrowing and lending transactions respectively with an agreement to repurchase on agreed terms in accordance with RBI guidelines. The difference between the clean price of the first leg and the clean price of the second leg is recognized as interest income / expense over the period of the transaction in the Profit and Loss account.

Repurchase and reverse repurchase transactions with the RBI under the Liquidity Adjustment Facility are accounted for as secured borrowing and lending transactions.

(vi) Separate queues are followed for trading and non-trading securities per intention at inception of the transaction. In case of an inefficiency of a hedge, where underlying is an investment, the

hedging strategy is unwound. Consequently, the hedged investment is reclassified to Available for Sale category.

(8) ADVANCES

- (i) Advances are classified as performing and non-performing based on prudential norms for income recognition, asset classification and provisioning issued by RBI. Interest on non-performing advances is recognized in the profit and loss account on realization.
- (ii) Advances are net of loan loss provisions, provisions for impaired assets, ECGC claims and bills rediscounted.
- (iii) Loan loss provisions in respect of non-performing advances are made based on management's assessment of the degree of impairment of the advances, subject to the minimum provisioning level in accordance with prudential norms prescribed by RBI.
- (iv) General provision for loan losses on standard assets @ 0.25% to 2.00% is made on the various classes of standard assets as prescribed by RBI. Such provisions are reflected under " Other liabilities and Provisions" and are not considered for arriving at Net NPA's..

(9) FIXED ASSETS AND DEPRECIATION

- (i) Fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation, provision for impairment and adjusted for any revaluations as ascertained by the Management. The carrying amount of fixed assets is reviewed at each Balance Sheet date for any indication of impairment based on internal/external factors. Impairment loss on a revalued asset is recognised directly against any revaluation surplus of the asset to the extent that the impairment loss does not exceed the amount held in the revaluation surplus for the same asset. In case of revalued / impaired assets, depreciation is provided over the remaining useful life of the assets with reference to revised asset values / lives.
- (ii) Depreciation on premises is provided at 2.05 per cent per annum on a straight-line basis. The difference relating to the revalued component is transferred from the Revaluation Reserve to the Profit and Loss Account.
- (iii) Expenditure incurred on improvements to owned premises is depreciated over a period of 10 years on a straight-line basis.
- (iv) Improvements to Leasehold premises are depreciated over the primary period of the lease, subject to a maximum of 10 years.
- (v) Depreciation on cars is provided at 20 per cent per annum on a straight-line basis.
- (vi) Depreciation on computers is provided at 33.33 per cent per annum on a straight-line basis.
- (vii) Depreciation on software is provided based on the useful life of the software or five years whichever is lower, on a straight-line basis.
- (viii) Depreciation on furniture and fixtures is provided at 8.33 per cent per annum on a straight-line basis.
- (ix) Depreciation on plant and machinery and office equipment is provided at 12.5 per cent per annum on a straight-line basis.
- (x) Depreciation on mobile phones is provided at 50 per cent per annum on a straight-line basis.
- (xi) Assets costing less than Rs. 5,000 are fully depreciated in the year of purchase.

- (xii) The above rates are reflective of the Management's estimate of the useful lives of the related fixed assets subject to the minimum rates of depreciation prescribed in Schedule XIV to the Companies Act, 1956.

(10) LEASES

Finance leases, which effectively transfer to the Bank substantially all the risks and benefits incidental to ownership of the leased item are capitalised at the lower of the fair value or present value of the minimum lease payments at the inception of the lease term and disclosed as fixed assets. Lease payments are apportioned between the finance charges and reduction of the lease liability based on the implicit rate of return. Finance charges are charged directly against income.

Leases where the lessor effectively retains substantially all the risks and benefits of ownership of the leased item are classified as operating leases. Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense in the Profit and Loss Account on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

(11) EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

The Bank has created separate recognised funds for Provident Fund, Pension and Gratuity.

Provident Fund

Contributions to the Bank's Provident Fund, which is a defined contribution scheme, are accounted for on accrual basis and recognized in the profit and loss account.

Gratuity and Pension

Gratuity and pension schemes are defined benefit plans. The net present value of the Bank's obligation towards the defined benefit plans is actuarially determined based on the projected unit credit method as at the Balance Sheet date. Actuarial gains and losses are immediately recognised in the Profit and Loss Account.

Compensated Absences

Liability for compensated absences for employees is provided on the basis of an actuarial valuation carried out at the Balance Sheet date.

Deferred Bonus

The Bank accounts for its defined benefit obligations for non-funded deferred bonus benefits on the basis of an independent actuarial valuation as per the projected unit credit method made at the end of each financial year.

Employee Share Based Payments

The eligible employees of the Bank have been granted stock awards under various plans, of equity shares of the ultimate holding company, BNP PARIBAS SA, France. As per the various plans, these stock awards vest in a graded manner up to five years. During the year the Bank has charged an amount pertaining to these costs under the head "Payments to and provisions for employees" as compensation cost.

Other employee benefits are recognised based on the likely entitlement thereof.

(12) INCOME TAXES

Tax expense comprises of current and deferred tax. Current income tax is measured at the amount required in accordance with the Income Tax Act, 1961 and applicable laws and rules thereunder. Deferred tax assets and liabilities for the year, arising on account of timing differences, are recognised in the Profit & Loss Account and the cumulative effect thereof is reflected in the Balance Sheet.

Deferred tax is measured based on the tax rates and the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the Balance Sheet date.

Deferred tax asset is recognised only to the extent that there is reasonable certainty that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which such deferred tax asset can be realised. In situations where the Bank has unabsorbed depreciation or carried forward losses, deferred tax assets are recognised only if there is virtual certainty that sufficient future taxable income will be available to realize these assets.

Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each Balance Sheet date and appropriately adjusted to reflect the amount that is reasonably / virtually certain to be realised.

(13) PROVISIONS AND CONTINGENCIES

A provision is recognised when the Bank has a present obligation as a result of past events and it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, in respect of which a reliable estimate can be made. Provisions are not discounted to their present values and are determined based on best estimate required to settle the obligation at the Balance Sheet date. These are reviewed at each Balance Sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates.

Contingent liabilities are disclosed when there is a possible obligation or present obligation that may but probably will not require an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits. When there is a possible obligation or a present obligation in respect of which the likelihood of outflow of resources is remote, no provision or disclosure is made.

Contingent assets are not recognised or disclosed in the financial statements

(14) IMPAIRMENT

- (i) The carrying amounts of assets are reviewed at each Balance Sheet date if there is any indication of impairment based on internal/external factors. An impairment loss is recognised wherever the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount.
- (ii) After impairment, depreciation is provided on the revised carrying amount of the assets over their remaining useful lives.
- (iii) A previously recognised impairment loss is increased or reversed depending on changes in circumstances. However, the carrying value after reversal is not increased beyond the carrying value that would have prevailed by charging usual depreciation if there was no impairment.

(15) CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, balances with RBI, balances with other banks and money at call and short notice.

BNP PARIBAS - INDIAN BRANCHES

**SCHEDULE 18 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR
ENDED MARCH 31, 2013**

(1) CAPITAL ADEQUACY

As per the guidelines for implementation of new capital adequacy framework issued on 27th April, 2007, the RBI has directed banks to migrate to a revised framework for capital adequacy computation under Basel II with effect from 31st March, 2008. The migration is required to be carried out in a phased manner where under banks are required to compute their capital requirement under Basel I & Basel II. The minimum capital to be maintained by banks under the revised framework is subject to the prudential floor of 80% of the capital requirement under Basel I. The computation under Basel 2 guidelines has resulted in a higher minimum capital requirement as compared to 80% of Basel 1 and hence the capital adequacy ratio as at 31st March, 2013 is 13.82% as per details below (previous year 14.70%).

Capital Adequacy	As per Basel I Norms		As per Basel II Norms	
	<u>As at</u> <u>Mar 31, 2013</u>	<u>As at</u> <u>Mar 31, 2012</u>	<u>As at</u> <u>Mar 31, 2013</u>	<u>As at</u> <u>Mar 31, 2012</u>
CRAR (%)	15.70	15.78	13.82	14.70
CRAR - Tier I capital (%)	12.43	11.91	10.94	11.09
CRAR - Tier II capital (%)	3.27	3.87	2.88	3.61

- (a) Percentage of the shareholding of the Government of India in nationalised banks Nil (2012- Nil)
 (b) Amount raised by issue of Irrevocable Perpetual Debt Instrument Rs. Nil (2012 - Rs. Nil)
 (c) Amount raised by issue of Upper Tier II instruments Rs. Nil (2012 - Rs. Nil)
 (d) Amount of Subordinated Debt raised during the year as Tier II capital Rs. Nil (2012 - Rs. Nil)

(2) INVESTMENTS

(Rs. in crores)

Particulars	<u>As at</u> <u>March 31, 2013</u>	<u>As at</u> <u>March 31, 2012</u>
(1) Value of Investments		
(i) Gross value of investments	4,565.37	3,431.02
(a) In India	4,565.37	3,431.02
(b) Outside India		-
(ii) Provisions for Depreciation	1.03	44.41
(a) In India	1.03	44.41
(b) Outside India		-
(iii) Net Value of Investments	4,564.34	3,386.61
(a) In India	4,564.34	3,386.61
(b) Outside India	-	-

(Rs. in crores)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2013	As at March 31, 2012
(2) Movement of provisions held towards depreciation on investments		
(i) Opening balance	44.41	72.57
(ii) Add: Provisions made during the year	-	-
(iii) Less: Write-off / write-back of excess provisions during the year	43.38	28.16
(iv) Closing balance	1.03	44.41

(3) REPO TRANSACTIONS

The details of face value of securities purchased / sold under repurchase agreements are as follows:

For the year ended March 31, 2013:

(Rs. in crores)

Particulars	Minimum Outstanding during the year	Maximum Outstanding during the year	Daily Average Outstanding during the year	As at March 31, 2013
Securities sold under repo				
(i) Government Securities	210.00	1,785.00	1,045.35	1,359.75
(ii) Corporate Debt Securities	-	-	-	-
Securities purchased under reverse repo				
(i) Government Securities	52.50	462.00	259.44	-
(ii) Corporate Debt Securities	-	-	-	-

For the year ended March 31, 2012:

(Rs. in crores)

Particulars	Minimum Outstanding during the year	Maximum Outstanding during the year	Daily Average Outstanding during the year	As at March 31, 2012
Securities sold under repo				
(i) Government Securities	105.00	1,522.50	799.72	997.50
(ii) Corporate Debt Securities	-	-	-	-
Securities purchased under reverse repo				
(i) Government Securities	47.25	787.50	389.92	-
(ii) Corporate Debt Securities	-	-	-	-

The above figures exclude days with Nil outstanding.

(4) NON-SLR INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO

(i) Issuer composition of Non-SLR investments

As at March 31, 2013:

(Rs. in crores)

Issuer (1)	Amount ** (2)	Extent of private placement (3)	Extent of 'Below Investment Grade' Securities (4)	Extent of unrated securities (5)	Extent of unlisted securities (6)
Public sector undertakings ('PSUs')	0.01	-	-	0.01	0.01
Financial institutions ('FIs')	-	-	-	-	-
Banks	1,035.78	548.05	-	-	-
Private corporate *	-	-	-	-	-
Subsidiaries / Joint Ventures	-	-	-	-	-
Others	-	-	-	-	-
Provision held towards depreciation	-	-	-	-	-
Total	1,035.79	548.05	-	0.01	0.01

As at March 31, 2012:

(Rs. in crores)

Issuer (1)	Amount ** (2)	Extent of private placement (3)	Extent of 'Below Investment Grade' Securities (4)	Extent of unrated securities (5)	Extent of unlisted securities (6)
Public sector undertakings ('PSUs')	0.01	-	-	0.01	0.01
Financial institutions ('FIs')	-	-	-	-	-
Banks	-	-	-	-	-
Private corporate *	-	-	-	-	-
Subsidiaries / Joint Ventures	-	-	-	-	-
Others	-	-	-	-	-
Provision held towards depreciation	-	-	-	-	-
Total	0.01	-	-	0.01	0.01

* Includes unlisted equity share having book value of Rs. One thousand (2012 – Rs. One thousand) and unlisted optionally convertible preference shares having book value of Rs. One thousand (2012 – Rs. One thousand).

** The above Non-SLR securities do not include Government securities pledged with RBI for availment of liquidity adjustment facility of book value Rs. 1,317.86 crores (2012 – Rs. 974.76 crores) and Government Securities lodged with Clearing Corporation of India Limited of book Value Rs. 49.07 crores (2012 - Rs. 51.32 crores)

Amounts reported under columns 3, 4, 5 and 6 above are not mutually exclusive.

(ii) Non-performing Non-SLR investments:

(Rs. in crores)

Particulars	<u>As at</u> <u>March 31, 2013</u>	<u>As at</u> <u>March 31, 2012</u>
Opening balance	-	-

Additions during the year	-	-
Reductions during the year	-	-
Closing balance	-	-
Total provisions held	-	-

(5) INVESTMENTS UNDER HTM CATEGORY

During the year, the Bank has not held, acquired or sold any investments in HTM category (2012 - Rs. Nil). There has been no transfer of investments to / from HTM category during the year.

(6) DERIVATIVES

Forward Rate Agreement / Interest Rate Swap:

(Rs. in crores)

S.No.	Particulars	<u>As at</u> <u>March 31, 2013</u>	<u>As at</u> <u>March 31, 2012</u>
i)	The notional principal of swap agreement (including forward rate agreement)	319,994.55	292,641.29
ii)	Losses which would be incurred if counter parties failed to fulfill their obligations under the agreements	1,396.19	2,686.92
iii)	Collateral required by the Bank upon entering into swaps	NA	NA
iv)	Concentration of credit risk arising from the swaps to banking industry	93.83%	94.86%
v)	The fair value of the swap book (loss)	(157.34)	(273.64)

In the Management's opinion, all derivative transactions have been entered into with reputed counterparties under approved credit lines and carry negligible inherent credit risk.

Nature and terms of the swaps (including FRA):

(Rs. in crores)

Nature	Benchmark Index	Terms	<u>As at</u> <u>March 31, 2013</u>	<u>As at</u> <u>March 31, 2012</u>
Trading	MIBOR	Fixed payable v/s floating receivable	111,538.24	110,752.20
		Fixed receivable v/s floating payable	112,615.76	114,799.00
Trading	MIFOR	Fixed payable v/s floating receivable	21,354.50	20,462.50
		Fixed receivable v/s floating payable	24,560.45	19,331.95
Trading	INBMK	Fixed payable v/s floating receivable	650.00	700.00
		Fixed receivable v/s floating payable	725.00	225.00
Trading	MIOIS	Fixed receivable v/s floating payable	225.00	175.00
Trading	EURIBOR	Fixed payable v/s floating receivable	347.48	271.47
		Floating receivable v/s Floating payable	938.18	576.87
		Fixed receivable v/s floating payable	243.23	67.87
Trading	LIBOR	Fixed payable v/s floating receivable	15,534.51	10,154.57
		Fixed receivable v/s floating payable	10,106.69	9,331.27
		Floating receivable v/s Floating payable	7,779.50	5,010.27
Trading	Others	Fixed payable v/s floating receivable	2,471.40	300.00
		Fixed receivable v/s Fixed payable	28.86	211.97
		Fixed receivable v/s floating payable	10,806.27	271.34
		Floating receivable v/s Floating payable	69.50	-
			319,994.55	292,641.28

Includes notional principal of Forward Rate Agreements outstanding as at March 31, 2013 Rs. 217.14 crores (2012 - Rs. 1,620.49 crores).

(7) EXCHANGE TRADED INTEREST RATE DERIVATIVE

The Bank has not entered into any exchange traded interest rate derivatives during the year. (2012 - Rs. Nil)
(Rs. in crores)

	Particulars	<u>As at</u> <u>March 31, 2013</u>	<u>As at</u> <u>March 31, 2012</u>
(i)	Notional Principal amount of exchange traded interest rate Derivatives undertaken during the year	Nil	Nil
(ii)	Notional Principal amount of exchange traded interest rate Derivatives outstanding as at the end of the year	Nil	Nil
(iii)	Notional Principal amount of exchange traded interest rate Derivatives outstanding and not “highly effective”	Nil	Nil
(iv)	Mark to market value of exchange traded interest rate derivatives outstanding and not “highly effective”	Nil	Nil

(8) DISCLOSURE ON RISK EXPOSURE IN DERIVATIVES

(i) Qualitative Disclosures:

The structure and organisation for management of risk in derivatives trading:

There are business line and market risk limits governing the derivative trading activities. The activities/products that the Bank may undertake as well as the fixing of the limits for the same are determined through a comprehensive process involving the Management, legal, operations, IT and risk functions. Advanced front office and market risk systems are in place to monitor the positions and compliance with various risk limits. There is a clear segregation of the front office, market risk monitoring and control and the back office functions relating to transactions in derivatives.

The scope and nature of risk measurement, risk reporting and risk monitoring systems:

Appropriate parameters such as PV01, GEaR, issuer risk and counterparty credit risk exposure are used for risk measurement through sophisticated systems. These cover all products and activities in derivatives. There is a system of regular reporting of positions and risks to the Management. Further there is a system of identifying and reporting exceptions to the Management.

Policies for hedging and / or mitigating risk and strategies and processes for monitoring the continuing effectiveness of hedges / mitigants:

The Bank uses appropriate hedging instruments to hedge / mitigate risks both in the banking and trading books. The effectiveness of the hedge is monitored periodically. The accounting policy for recording derivative transactions is in place which includes recognition of income and the treatment of gains / losses on cancellation / termination of contracts.

(ii) Quantitative Disclosures:**(Rs. in crores)**

Particulars	Currency Derivatives		Interest Rate Derivatives	
	As at March 31, 2013	As at March 31, 2012	As at March 31, 2013	As at March 31, 2012
1) Derivatives (Notional Principal Amount)				
a) For hedging	-	-		-
b) For trading	262,011.11	148,274.37	319,994.55	292,641.29
2) Marked to Market Positions				
a) Asset (+)	226.20	505.07	0.03	-
b) Liability (-)	(840.29)	(457.11)	(157.37)	(273.64)
3) Credit Exposure	11,732.62	8,813.29	3,968.64	5,158.98
4) Likely impact of one percent change in interest rate (100*PV01) (Note 1)				
a) on hedging derivatives	-	-	-	-
b) on trading derivatives	29.99	78.76	(46.53)	(138.42)
5) Maximum and Minimum of 100*PV01 observed during the year (Note 2)				
a) on hedging				
- i) Maximum	-	0.01	-	-
- ii) Minimum	-	-	-	-
b) on trading				
- i) Maximum	74.86	78.76	128.01	179.57
- ii) Minimum	9.58	0.51	3.29	78.02

Notes:

1) Based on the PV01 of the outstanding derivatives as at year end.

2) Based on the absolute value of PV01 of the outstanding derivatives as at month-ends during the year.

(9) NON - PERFORMING ASSETS**(Rs. in crores)**

Particulars	As at March 31, 2013	As at March 31, 2012
(i) Net NPAs to Net Advances (%)	0.00%	0.07%
(ii) Movement of Gross NPAs		
(a) Opening balance	27.45	11.28
(b) Additions during the year	-	16.44
(c) Reductions during the year	(2.61)	(0.27)
(d) Amounts written off	(8.59)	-
(e) Closing balance	16.25	27.45
(iii) Movement of Net NPAs		
(a) Opening balance	4.11	-
(b) Additions during the year	-	4.11
(c) Reductions during the year	(4.11)	-
(d) Amounts written off	-	-
(e) Closing balance	-	4.11
(iv) Movement of provision for NPAs (excluding provisions on standard assets)		
(a) Opening balance	23.34	11.28
(b) Additions during the year	3.92	12.33
(c) Written back during the year	(2.42)	(0.27)
(d) Written off during the year	(8.59)	-
(e) Closing balance	16.25	23.34

(10) PARTICULARS OF ACCOUNTS RESTRUCTURED

No loan asset of the Bank was subjected to restructuring during the year (2012 - Rs. Nil).

(Rs. in crores)

Particulars		CDR Mechanism	SME Debt Restructuring	Others
Standard advances restructured	No. of Borrowers	-	-	-
	Amount outstanding	-	-	-
	Sacrifice (diminution in the fair value)	-	-	-
Sub-standard advances restructured	No. of Borrowers	-	-	-
	Amount outstanding	-	-	-
	Sacrifice (diminution in the fair value)	-	-	-
Doubtful advances restructured	No. of Borrowers	-	-	-
	Amount outstanding	-	-	-
	Sacrifice (diminution in the fair value)	-	-	-
TOTAL	No. of Borrowers	-	-	-
	Amount outstanding	-	-	-
	Sacrifice (diminution in the fair value)	-	-	-

(11) DETAILS OF FINANCIAL ASSETS SOLD TO SECURITISATION / RECONSTRUCTION COMPANY FOR ASSET RECONSTRUCTION

During the year there were no financial assets which were sold to a securitisation / asset reconstruction company (2012 - Rs. Nil).

(Rs. in crores)

Particulars	<u>As at</u> <u>March 31, 2013</u>	<u>As at</u> <u>March 31, 2012</u>
(i) No. of accounts	-	-
(ii) Aggregate value (net of provisions) of accounts sold to SC/RC	-	-
(iii) Aggregate consideration	-	-
(iv) Additional consideration realized in respect of accounts transferred in earlier year	-	-
(v) Aggregate gain/loss over net book value	-	-

(12) DETAILS OF NON-PERFORMING FINANCIAL ASSETS PURCHASED / SOLD

During the year the Bank has not purchased / sold any non-performing financial assets (2012 - Rs. Nil).

A. Details of non-performing financial assets purchased:

(Rs. in crores)

Particulars	<u>As at</u> <u>March 31, 2013</u>	<u>As at</u> <u>March 31, 2012</u>
1. (a) No. of accounts purchased during the year	-	-
(b) Aggregate outstanding	-	-
2. (a) Of these, no. of accounts restructured during the year	-	-
(b) Aggregate outstanding	-	-

B. Details of non-performing financial assets sold:

(Rs. in crores)

Particulars	<u>As at</u> <u>March 31, 2013</u>	<u>As at</u> <u>March 31, 2012</u>
1. No. of accounts sold during the year	-	-
2. Aggregate outstanding	-	-
3. Aggregate consideration received	-	-

(13) PROVISIONS ON STANDARD ASSETS

(Rs. in crores)

Particulars	<u>As at</u> <u>March 31, 2013</u>	<u>As at</u> <u>March 31, 2012</u>
Provisions towards Standard Assets (closing balance)	78.04	78.04
Provisions towards Standard Assets (P&L charge)	-	-

(14) BUSINESS RATIOS

Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
	March 31, 2013	March 31, 2012
(a) Interest Income as a percentage to working funds	7.84	7.58
(b) Non - Interest Income as a percentage to working funds	2.56	0.66
(c) Operating Profit as a percentage to working funds	3.18	1.39
(d) Return on assets (net profit as a percentage to working funds)	1.70	0.73
(e) Business (deposits plus advances) per employee (Rs. crores)	39.05	35.19
(f) Profit per employee (Rs. crores)	0.56	0.24

Note:

- (a) Working funds is the monthly average of total assets as reported to the RBI under Section 27 of the Banking Regulation Act, 1949.
(b) Operating Profit = Interest income + Other income - Interest expense - Operating expense.
(c) Business is the closing deposits excluding Inter-bank Deposits + Advances.
(d) Productivity ratios are based on the number of employees as at the year end.

(15) MATURITY PATTERN OF CERTAIN ITEMS OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

As at March 31, 2013:

(Rs. in crores)

Particulars	1 day	2 to 7 days	8 to 14 days	15 to 28 days	29 days and upto 3 months	Over 3 months and upto 6 months	Over 6 months and upto 1 year	Over 1 year and upto 3 years	Over 3 years and upto 5 years	Over 5 years	Total
Deposits	32.03	1,253.15	426.44	345.33	766.38	927.05	379.91	1,178.02	271.42	0.00	5,579.73
Advances	34.91	391.59	205.51	579.52	1,121.29	572.00	600.78	3,571.15	654.89	5.65	7,737.29
Investments	145.28	1,094.54	142.65	245.13	651.61	555.42	775.14	296.34	474.69	183.54	4,564.34
Borrowings	954.34	1,905.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	80.00	68.34	77.79	325.59	134.22	3,545.28
Foreign currency assets	33.95	109.58	29.92	28.31	435.68	298.27	0.41	824.34	272.74	16.23	2,049.43
Foreign currency liabilities	989.14	19.89	38.51	1.41	6.86	4.42	127.59	326.88	399.60	143.60	2,057.90

As at March 31, 2012:

(Rs. in crores)

Particulars	1 day	2 to 7 days	8 to 14 days	15 to 28 days	29 days and upto 3 months	Over 3 months and upto 6 months	Over 6 months and upto 1 year	Over 1 year and upto 3 years	Over 3 years and upto 5 years	Over 5 years	Total
Deposits	33.91	549.54	393.27	577.63	1,329.52	597.77	404.82	2013.93	0.01	-	5,900.40
Advances	25.58	1,127.21	357.91	196.79	579.79	155.84	277.18	970.90	815.46	1,677.51	6,184.17
Investments	774.87	291.90	440.46	297.68	331.10	202.41	99.33	510.77	337.56	100.53	3,386.61
Borrowings	159.33	950.00	350.00	-	-	-	-	68.34	177.74	359.87	2,065.28
Foreign currency assets	68.02	36.94	5.04	4.58	37.26	18.10	1.85	1.89	0.48	121.23	295.39
Foreign currency liabilities	171.34	21.47	34.90	0.85	68.94	42.68	31.10	358.49	218.87	407.45	1,356.09

In computing the above information, certain estimates and assumptions have been made by the management which has been relied upon by the auditors.

(16) LENDING TO SENSITIVE SECTORS**(i) Exposure to the Real Estate Sector:****(Rs. in crores)**

Category	<u>As at</u> <u>March 31, 2013</u>	<u>As at</u> <u>March 31, 2012</u>
a) Direct Exposure		
i) Residential Mortgages – Lending fully secured by Mortgages on Residential property that is or will be occupied by the borrower or that is rented. (Individual housing loans eligible for inclusion in priority sector advances may be shown separately)	4.00	17.50
ii) Commercial Real Estate – Lending secured by mortgages on commercial real estates (office buildings, retail space, multi-purpose commercial premises, multi-family residential buildings, multi-tenanted commercial premises, industrial or warehouse space, hotels, land acquisition, development and construction, etc.). Exposure would also include non-fund based (NFB) limits	111.10	219.20
iii) Investments in Mortgage Backed Securities (MBS) and other securitised exposures – a. Residential, b. Commercial Real Estate.	-	-
b) Indirect Exposure		
Fund based and non-fund based exposures on National Housing Bank (NHB) and Housing Finance Companies (HFCs)	243.23	337.64
Funded	-	-
Non – Funded	243.23	337.64
Total Exposure to Real Estate Sector	358.33	574.34

(ii) Exposure to the Capital Market:**(Rs. in crores)**

Items	<u>As at</u> <u>March 31, 2013</u>	<u>As at</u> <u>March 31, 2012</u>
(i) Direct investment in equity shares, convertible bonds, convertible debentures and units of equity-oriented mutual funds the corpus of which is not exclusively invested in corporate debt (# Rs 50,000/-)	#	#
(ii) Advances against shares/bonds/ debentures or other securities or on clean basis to individuals for investments in equity shares (including IPOs, ESOPS), bonds and debentures, units of equity oriented mutual funds	13.81	17.40
(iii) Advances for any other purposes where shares or convertible bonds or convertible debentures or units of equity oriented mutual funds are taken as primary security	-	-
(iv) Advances for any other purposes to the extent secured by the collateral security of shares or convertible bonds or convertible debentures or units of equity oriented mutual funds i.e. where the primary security other than shares/ convertible bonds/ convertible debentures/ units of equity	131.84	243.29

oriented mutual funds does not fully cover the advances		
(v) Secured and unsecured advances to stockbrokers and guarantees issued on behalf of stockbrokers and market markers	95.00	100.35
(vi) Loans sanctioned to corporates against the security of shares/ bonds / debentures or other securities or on clean basis for meeting promoter's contribution to the equity of new companies in anticipation of raising resources;	-	-
(vii) bridge loans to companies against expected equity flows/issues	-	-
(viii) Underwriting commitments taken up by the banks in respect of primary issue of shares or convertible bonds or convertible debentures or units of equity oriented mutual funds	-	-
(ix) Financing to stockbrokers for margin trading	-	-
(x) All exposures to Venture Capital Funds (both registered and unregistered) will be deemed to be on par with equity and hence will be reckoned for compliance with the capital market exposure ceilings (both direct and indirect)	-	-
Total Exposure to Capital market	240.65	361.04

(17) RISK CATEGORY WISE COUNTRY EXPOSURE

The bank has made a provision of Rs Nil (2012 – Rs 0.51 crores) in respect of countries where the Bank's net funded exposure as of March 31, 2013 is above 1% of the total assets of the Bank.

(Rs. in crores)

Risk Category	Exposure (net) as at March 31, 2013	Provision held as at March 31, 2013	Exposure (net) as at March 31, 2012	Provision held as at March 31, 2012
Insignificant	68.89	-	278.97	0.51
Low	0.10	-	16.48	-
Moderate	4.50	-	2.07	-
High	-	-	-	-
Very High	-	-	4.72	-
Restricted	-	-	-	-
Off – Credit	-	-	-	-
Total	73.48	-	302.24	0.51

(18) PRUDENTIAL LIMITS

The RBI has prescribed credit exposure limits for banks in respect of their lending to single / group borrowers. The exposure limits prescribed are 15% of the capital funds of banks in case of single borrowers (except for Oil Companies who have been issued Oil Bonds by Government of India, for whom; the limit is prescribed at 25% of the capital funds) and 40% of the capital funds of banks in case of group borrowers. In case of infrastructure projects, an additional exposure upto 5% of capital funds is allowed. The Bank's credit exposures to single / group borrowers are within the aforesaid limits, except for specific cases given below:

March 31, 2013

The particulars of customers who were sanctioned additional 5% limit during the year in line with RBI guidelines and approval of bank's management and where prudential limits were in excess of the 15% Single Borrower Limit during the year are as under:

Party Names	Maximum during the year (%)	As at March 31, 2013 (%)
Indian Oil Corporation	28.13%	28.13%
Larsen & Toubro Limited	18.67%	17.80%
Maruti Suzuki India Limited	17.33%	13.41%
Reliance Industries Limited	17.21%	14.15%
Volkswagen India Private Limited	17.15%	17.09%
Air Liquide (I) Holding	16.55%	16.55%
Hindalco Industries Limited	15.62%	15.62%
Capgemini India Private Limited	15.56%	14.98%
Bennett Coleman & Co. Ltd	15.51%	13.17%
Schneider Electric India	15.24%	15.21%

March 31, 2012

The particulars of customers who were sanctioned additional 5% limit during the year in line with RBI guidelines and approval of bank's management are as under:

Party Names	Maximum during the year (%)	As at March 31, 2012 (%)
Reliance Industries Limited *	27.62%	18.91%
Maruti Suzuki India Limited *	20.10%	20.10%
Larsen & Toubro Limited	19.45%	19.34%
Volkswagen India Private Limited	19.34%	19.32%
Bennett Coleman and Company Limited	17.47%	9.36%
Housing Development Finance Corporation Limited	17.41%	14.70%
Schneider Electric India Pvt. Ltd.	17.17%	16.77%
Wipro Limited	16.10%	11.66%

* Passive technical excess caused by marked to market movements in the FX Hedge deals done with the bank.

(19) UNSECURED ADVANCES

The total amount of advances outstanding as at the year end for which intangible securities such as charge over the rights, licenses, authority, etc. has been taken as also the estimated value of such intangible collateral is Rs. Nil (2012 - Rs. Nil).

Total Unsecured advances as per Schedule 9 B (iii) is Rs.5,015.85 crores (2012 - Rs. 3,547.24).

(20) PROVISION FOR TAXATION

The breakup of debit / (credit) to Profit and Loss Account is given below

(Rs. in crores)

Particulars	<u>For the year ended</u> <u>March 31, 2013</u>	<u>For the year ended</u> <u>March 31, 2012</u>
Provision for Tax	203.21	88.68
Provision for Deferred Tax	1.81	(0.99)
Provision for Wealth Tax	0.08	0.07
Total	205.10	87.76

(21) PENALTIES IMPOSED BY RESERVE BANK OF INDIA

The Reserve Bank of India has not imposed any penalty on the bank during the year 2012-2013. (2011-2012 – Rs. Nil)

(22) ACCOUNTING STANDARD 5- NET PROFIT OR LOSS FOR THE PERIOD, PRIOR PERIOD ITEMS AND CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES

a) Included in current year's Profit and Loss account is a charge of Head Office expenses amounting to Rs.1.39 crores (2012- Rs.5.37 crores), provision for income tax Rs. 17.36 crores (2012- Rs Nil) and commission income of Rs.17.61 crores (2012- Rs Nil) pertaining to prior periods.

b) During the year the bank changed its revaluation method for foreign exchange contracts with maturities greater than one year basing it on foreign exchange rates implied by the swap curves for respective currencies. Had the bank continued revaluing these contracts at rates determined by linear extrapolation of FEDAI forward rates, net profit/ (loss) on exchange transactions and derivatives would have been lower by Rs.20.15 crores. Consequently, profit after tax would have been lower by Rs.11.68 crores.

(23) ACCOUNTING STANDARD 9 – REVENUE RECOGNITION

No unresolved significant uncertainties have been identified during the year for postponing revenue recognition to future years.

(24) ACCOUNTING STANDARD 10 – ACCOUNTING OF FIXED ASSETS

Revaluation of Premises

The Bank had revalued upward its entire premises as at March 31, 1993 by Rs. 37.34 crores and its premises at Mumbai as at March 31, 1995 by a further Rs. 33.77 crores based on their market values determined by a Government registered valuer. The surplus arising out of such revaluations had been credited to the Revaluation Reserve. During the year ended March 31, 2005, the Bank had sold part of its revalued premises. The Revaluation Reserve relating to the sold premises had been reversed for its depreciated value of Rs. 17.45 crores (original value Rs. 21.84 crores) as at April 1, 2004. The Bank had revalued downward its premises in Mumbai as at March 31, 2005 based on their market values determined by a global property consultant. The resulting impairment of Rs. 16.90 crores had been recognised directly against the revaluation surplus held for the same premises.

During the year ended 31st March 2009, the Bank had revalued upwards its premises in Mumbai, Chennai and Ahmedabad by Rs. 73.87 crores based on the market value determined by a government registered valuer. The surplus arising out of such revaluations had been credited to the Revaluation Reserve.

During the year ended March 31, 2011, the Bank has sold part of its revalued premises. The Revaluation Reserve relating to that premise has been reversed for its depreciated value of Rs. 0.31 crores (original value Rs. 0.49 crores) upto the date of sale.

Software

Included in 'Other Fixed Assets' is capitalised software amounting to:

(Rs.in crores)

Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2013	March 31, 2012
At book value		
Beginning of the year	3.37	3.36
Additions during the year	-	0.01
Deductions during the year	-	-
	3.37	3.37
Depreciation		
Beginning of the year	3.14	2.86
Additions during the year	0.20	0.28
Deductions during the year	-	-
	3.34	3.14
Net book value	0.03	0.23

(25) ACCOUNTING STANDARD 15 - EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

The Bank has recognised Rs. 2.31 crores (2012 - Rs.2.19 crores) in the Profit and Loss Account for the year towards contribution to Provident Fund.

The gratuity and pension benefits are provided to the employees through funds managed by the Bank. Details of the same are as follows:

(Rs. in crores)

S.N	Particulars	Pension (Funded)		Gratuity (Funded)		Leave Benefit (Funded)	
		2012-13	2011-12	2012-13	2011-12	2012-13	2011-12
I	<u>Reconciliation of Defined Benefit Obligations</u>						
	Present Value of obligation as at the beginning of the year	20.73	20.09	11.16	11.10	6.29	6.18
	Interest Cost	1.63	1.46	0.90	0.81	0.51	0.46
	Current Service Cost	0.03	0.02	1.23	1.19	1.32	1.29
	Past Service Cost	-	0.58	-	-	-	-
	Benefits Paid	(3.45)	(3.68)	(1.41)	(1.87)	(0.81)	(0.97)
	Actuarial (gain) / loss on obligations	2.10	2.26	0.87	(0.07)	(0.53)	(0.67)
	Present Value of obligation as at the year end	21.04	20.73	12.75	11.16	6.78	6.29
II	<u>Reconciliation of Fair Value of Plan Assets</u>						
	Fair Value of Plan Assets as at the beginning of the year	21.24	21.78	12.75	12.16	6.22	5.71
	Expected Return on Plan Assets	1.56	1.64	0.99	0.95	0.52	0.53
	Employer's Contribution	0.13	1.15	0.68	1.42	-	1.80
	Benefits Paid	(3.45)	(3.68)	(1.41)	(1.87)	(0.16)	-
	Actuarial gain / (loss)	0.18	0.35	0.09	0.09	0.04	(1.82)
	Fair Value of Plan Asset as at the year end	19.66	21.24	13.10	12.75	6.62	6.22

S.N	Particulars	Pension (Funded)		Gratuity (Funded)		Leave Benefit (Funded)	
		2012-13	2011-12	2012-13	2011-12	2012-13	2011-12
III	<u>Amounts recognised in the Balance Sheet</u>						
	Estimated present value of obligation as at the end of the year	21.04	20.73	12.75	11.16	6.78	6.29
	Fair Value of plan assets as at the end of the year	19.66	21.24	13.11	12.75	6.62	6.22
	Net Assets/(Liabilities) recognised in the Balance Sheet under 'Other Assets'/'Other Liabilities and Provisions')	(1.38)	0.51	0.36	1.59	(0.16)	(0.07)
IV	<u>Expenses recognised in Profit and Loss Account</u>						
	Current Service Cost	0.03	0.02	1.22	1.19	1.32	1.29
	Interest Cost	1.63	1.46	0.90	0.81	0.51	0.46
	Expected Return on Plan Assets	(1.56)	(1.64)	(0.99)	(0.95)	(0.52)	(0.53)
	Past Service Cost	-	0.58	-	-	-	-
	Net actuarial (gain) / loss recognised	1.92	1.91	0.77	(0.16)	(0.57)	1.15
	Total expenses recognised in the Profit and Loss Account under Payments to and Provisions for employees	2.02	2.33	1.90	0.89	0.74	2.37
V	<u>Investment of Plan Assets</u>						
	Central Government Securities	33%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
	State Government Securities	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
	PSU/FI Bonds	0%	30%	0%	0%	0%	0%
	Insurer Managed Funds *	66%	67%	98%	98%	100%	100%
	Others	1%	4%	2%	2%	0%	0%
	Total	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
	* Insurer Managed Funds are invested in different instruments as per the following categories:						
	Debt	79.73%	74.9%	79.73%	74.9%	79.73%	74.9%
	Equity	5.23%	4.7%	5.23%	4.7%	5.23%	4.7%
	FD & Other Assets	15.04%	20.4%	15.04%	20.4%	15.04%	20.4%
	Total	100%	100.0%	100%	100.0%	100%	100.0%
VI	<u>Principal Actuarial Assumptions</u>						
	Discount Rate	8.0%	8.6%	8.0%	8.6%	8.0%	8.60%
	Expected Rate of Return on Plan Asset	8.0%	8.0%	8.0%	8.0%	8.50%	8.50%
	Salary Escalation Rate	7.5%	7.5%	7.5%	7.5%	7.50%	7.50%
	Mortality Rate	IAL 06-08 (Modified Ultimate) (2012-13) LIC 94-96 (Modified Ultimate) (2011-12)					

S.N	Particulars	Pension (Funded)		Gratuity (Funded)		Leave Benefit (Funded)	
		2012-13	2011-12	2012-13	2011-12	2012-13	2011-12
	Actual Return on Plan Assets:						
	Expected Return on Plan Assets	1.56	1.64	0.99	0.95	0.52	0.53
	Actuarial gain / (loss) on plan asset	0.18	0.35	0.09	0.09	0.04	(1.82)
	Actual return on plan asset	1.74	1.99	1.08	1.04	0.56	(1.29)

Experience Adjustments - Gratuity

S.N	Particulars	2012-13	2011-12	2010-11	2009-10	2008-09
	Actuarial (gain) / loss on obligations	0.33	(0.68)	(0.62)	(0.41)	(1.20)
	Actuarial gain / (loss) on Plan Asset	0.09	0.09	(0.05)	0.10	0.78
	Total (gain) / loss for the year	0.24	(0.77)	(0.57)	(0.51)	(1.98)

Experience Adjustments - Pension

S.N	Particulars	2012-13	2011-12	2010-11	2009-10	2008-09
	Actuarial (gain) / loss on obligations	1.05	1.32	0.39	(0.23)	1.42
	Actuarial gain / (loss) on Plan Asset	0.18	0.35	(0.89)	0.12	0.68
	Total (gain) / loss for the year	0.87	0.97	1.28	(0.35)	0.74

Experience Adjustments – Leave Benefit

S.N	Particulars	2012-13	2011-12	2010-11	2009-10	2008-09
	Actuarial (gain) / loss on obligations	(0.86)	(1.18)	0.89	(0.17)	0.00
	Actuarial gain / (loss) on Plan Asset	0.04	(1.82)	(0.22)	0.00	0.00
	Total (gain) / loss for the year	(0.90)	0.64	1.11	(0.17)	0.00

The estimates of future salary increases considered in actuarial valuation, takes account of inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors. The above information is as certified by the actuary and relied upon by the auditors.

Based on an actuarial valuation as at the Balance Sheet date, the bank has recognised in the profit and loss account Rs.3.47 crores (2012 - Rs.3.69 crores) towards deferred bonus.

(26) ACCOUNTING STANDARD 17 - SEGMENT REPORTING

- i) In line with the RBI guidelines, the Bank has identified 'Treasury Operations', 'Corporate & Wholesale Banking' & 'Other Banking Operations' as the primary reporting segments.
- ii) 'Treasury Operations' comprises of liquidity management, foreign exchange operations (merchant and inter-bank), money market and derivatives trading. 'Corporate & Wholesale Banking Operations' include commercial client relationships, cash management services and trade finance, while 'Other Banking Operations' include private banking & others.
- iii) The Bank does not have overseas operations and is considered to operate only in the domestic segment.
- iv) The methodology of funds transfer pricing between the segments is determined by the Bank's Assets and Liabilities Committee from time to time.

- v) The Bank does not have any retail banking operations and hence the same has not been disclosed separately.

Business Segments

(Rs. in crores)

Business Segments / Particulars	Treasury Operations		Corporate & Wholesale Banking		Other Banking Operations		Total	
	2012-13	2011-12	2012-13	2011-12	2012-13	2011-12	2012-13	2011-12
Revenue	478.34	285.60	637.14	577.43	31.17	52.37	1,146.65	915.40
Segment Result	268.05	68.89	147.09	107.29	(22.62)	(7.05)	392.52	169.13
Unallocated expenses							-	-
Operating Profit							392.52	169.13
Income taxes							(205.10)	(87.76)
Extraordinary profit/ loss			-				-	-
Net Profit							187.42	81.37
Other information								
Segment Assets	5,346.82	5,076.25	7,620.70	6,025.19	685.71	598.21	13,653.23	11,699.65
Unallocated Assets							25.65	29.98
Total Assets							13,678.88	11,729.63
Segment Liabilities	6,029.10	4,144.92	6,862.57	6,794.67	726.89	777.28	13,618.56	11,716.87
Unallocated Liabilities							60.32	12.76
Total Liabilities*							13,678.88	11,729.63

*Includes Capital and Reserves and Surplus.

Geographical Segment

	Domestic		International		Total	
	2012-13	2011-12	2012-13	2011-12	2012-13	2011-12
Revenue	1,146.65	915.40	-	-	1,146.65	915.40
Assets	13,678.88	11,729.63	-	-	13,678.88	11,729.63

In computing the above disclosure, certain estimates, assumptions and adjustments have been made by the Management which has been relied upon by the Auditors.

(27) ACCOUNTING STANDARD 18 - RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

In terms of Accounting Standard 18 ('AS-18') on 'Related Party Disclosures' notified under the Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules, 2006 and the related guidelines issued by RBI, the details pertaining to related parties are as under:

(i) Related party relationships:

Sr. No.	Relationship	Party name
1	Parent (**)	BNP PARIBAS SA, France and its branches
2	Subsidiaries (with whom the Bank has transactions during the year)	BNP Paribas India Solutions Private Limited BNP Paribas Investment Services India Private Limited GIE BNP Paribas Assurance Cardiff Arval India Private Limited Cortal Consors, France BNP Paribas Securities India Private Limited Segece India Private Limited BNP Paribas Sundaram Global Securities Operations Private Limited BNP Paribas Asset Management India Private Limited BNP Paribas Suisse SA BNP Paribas Malaysia Berhad BNP Paribas, Canada BNP Paribas S.A.E BNP Paribas, Guadeloupe Fortis Banque Bank of the West Banca Nazionale Del Lavoro S.P.A Banque Marocaine Pour Le Commerce Et L'Industrie BGL BNP Paribas BNP Paribas Nouvelle Caledonie BNP Paribas Real Estate & Infrastructure Advisory Services Private Limited BNP Paribas Arbitrage Turk Ekonomi Bankasi A.S. BNP Paribas India Holding Pvt Ltd BNP Paribas Securities Services S.A
3	Associates/ Joint Ventures of Parent (with whom the Bank has transactions during the year)	SBI Life Insurance Company Limited Geojit BNP Paribas Financial Services Limited SREI Equipment Finance Private Limited Sundaram BNP Paribas Fund Services Ltd
4	Key Management Personnel (**)	Jacques Michel - Chief Executive and Country Manager

ii) The details of transactions / financial dealings of the Bank with the above related parties as defined under AS-18 are as follows: (Rs. in crores)

Nature of transactions	Subsidiaries		Associates / Joint Ventures		Key Management Personnel		Relatives of Key Management Personnel		Total	
	2012-13	2011-12	2012-13	2011-12	2012-13	2011-12	2012-13	2011-12	2012-13	2011-12
Borrowings*	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Deposits*	212.16	135.63	1.78	3.88	-	-	-	-	213.94	139.51
	(611.45)	(369.48)	(62.28)	(27.21)	-	-	-	-	(673.73)	(396.69)
Placement of Deposits*	19.12	6.77	-	-	-	-	-	-	19.12	6.77
	(32.02)	(50.07)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(32.02)	(50.07)
Advances*	89.13	134.49	-	150.00	-	-	-	-	89.13	284.49
	(135.67)	(179.70)	(150)	(150.00)	-	-	-	-	(285.67)	(329.70)
Investments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Non-funded commitment *	238.75	304.90	-	-	-	-	-	-	238.75	304.90
	(511.09)	(541.07)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(511.09)	(541.07)
Leasing/HP arrangements availed	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Leasing/HP arrangements provided	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Purchase of fixed assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sale of fixed assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Assets*	2.06	2.63	-	0.02	-	-	-	-	2.06	2.65
	(14.37)	(13.16)	(0.13)	(0.20)	-	-	-	-	(14.50)	(13.36)
Other Liabilities*	561.28	362.23	0.09	0.10	-	-	-	-	561.37	362.33
	(732.15)	(1,008.02)	(0.89)	(0.67)	-	-	-	-	(733.04)	(1,008.69)
Interest expended	14.55	5.40	-	-	-	-	-	-	14.55	5.40
Interest earned	12.27	11.49	4.94	11.43	-	-	-	-	17.21	22.92
Rendering of services	45.01	32.17	0.97	0.76	-	-	-	-	45.98	32.93
Receiving of services	28.77	26.84	-	-	-	-	-	-	28.77	26.84

Nature of transactions	Subsidiaries		Associates / Joint Ventures		Key Management Personnel		Relatives of Key Management Personnel		Total	
Salaries to Key Management Personnel **	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

(*) The outstanding amounts at the year-end have been disclosed. The amounts in brackets represent the maximum outstanding during the year.

(**) In line with the RBI guidelines, related party disclosures exclude transactions in a category where there is only one related party (i.e. Key Management Personnel (current year) and Head Office and its branches). Thus where there is only one entity in any category, particulars of transactions have not been provided.

(28) ACCOUNTING STANDARD 19 - LEASES

Operating Lease:

Operating Leases comprises of leasing of office premises. Lease rentals on account of Non Cancellable leasing arrangements of Rs. 52.41 crores (2012 - Rs. 52.07 crores) has been included under 'Operating expenses – Rent, taxes and lighting'.

(Rs. in crores)

Future lease rentals payable as at the end of the year:	As at March 31, 2013	As at March 31, 2012
-Not later than one year	55.02	50.78
-Later than one year and not later than five years	128.64	174.66
-Later than five years	-	0.06

(29) ACCOUNTING STANDARD 22 – ACCOUNTING FOR TAXES ON INCOME

Major components of Deferred Tax Assets and Liabilities are as under:

(Rs. in crores)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2013	As at March 31, 2012
<u>Deferred tax assets</u>		
Depreciation on fixed assets	3.74	2.83
Provision for non - performing assets	-	9.80
Provision for employee benefits	6.33	9.54
Other provisions	15.58	5.28
	25.65	27.45
Less:		
<u>Deferred tax liabilities</u>	-	-
Net Deferred Tax Assets	25.65	27.45

(30) PROVISIONS AND CONTINGENCIES**(Rs. in crores)**

Particulars	<u>Year ended</u> <u>March 31, 2013</u>	<u>Year ended</u> <u>March 31, 2012</u>
Provision for depreciation on investments, net of recoveries	(43.38)	(28.17)
Provision for Non-performing advances, net of recoveries*	1.50	12.07
Provision for Country Risk	(0.51)	0.51
Provision for tax (Refer Schedule 18 (20))	205.10	87.76
Other Provision and Contingencies**	0.14	0.03
Total	162.85	72.20

* Net of recoveries of Rs. 2.42 crores (2012 - Rs. 0.26 crores).

**Other provisions include provisions made towards miscellaneous items outstanding for more than 90 days.

(31) FLOATING PROVISIONS

The Bank does not have outstanding floating provisions as at 31st March 2013 (2012 - Rs. Nil)

(Rs. in crores)

Particulars	<u>Year ended</u> <u>March 31, 2013</u>	<u>Year ended</u> <u>March 31, 2012</u>
Opening balance	-	-
Provision made during the year	-	-
Amount of draw down made during the year	-	-
Closing balance	-	-

(32) DRAW DOWN FROM RESERVES

There is no draw down from reserves as at the current and previous year ends.

(33) COMPLAINTS/UNIMPLEMENTED AWARDS OF BANKING OMBUDSMEN

<u>For the Financial Year</u>	2012- 13	2011- 12
A. Customer Complaints		
(a) No. of complaints pending at the beginning of the year	1	1
(b) No. of complaints received during the year	7	-
(c) No. of complaints redressed during the year	6	-
(d) No. of complaints pending at the end of the year	2	1
B. Awards passed by the Banking Ombudsman		
(a) No. of unimplemented Awards at the beginning of the year	Nil	Nil
(b) No. of Awards passed by the Banking Ombudsmen during the year	Nil	Nil
(c) No. of Awards implemented during the year	Nil	Nil
(d) No. of unimplemented Awards at the end of the year	Nil	Nil

The above information is certified by the Management and relied upon by the auditors.

(34) LETTER OF COMFORTS

The Bank has not issued any Letter of Comforts (LOC) during the year and there are no LOCs outstanding as at the year-end (2012 - Rs. Nil).

(35) PROVISION COVERAGE RATIO

The provision coverage ratio as at March 31, 2013 is 100% (2012 - 85%).

(36) BANCASSURANCE BUSINESS

During the year the Bank had earned Rs. 5.51 crores (2012 – Rs. 18.08 crores) on account of fees for marketing of Mutual funds of which Rs. 4.80 crores (2012- Rs 0.90 crores) has been paid as fees to BNP Paribas Investment Services India Private Limited.

(37) CONCENTRATION OF DEPOSITS, ADVANCES, EXPOSURES AND NPAs

(Rs. in crores)

Particulars	<u>As at</u> <u>March 31, 2013</u>	<u>As at</u> <u>March 31, 2012</u>
(A) Concentration of Deposits		
Total Deposits of twenty largest depositors	3,322.83	3,903.00
Percentage of Deposits of twenty largest depositors to Total Deposits of the bank	59.55%	66.15%
(B) Concentration of Advances		
Total Advances to twenty largest borrowers * (single borrowers)	7,789.34	6,518.99
Percentage of Advances to twenty largest borrowers to Total Advances of the banks	31.10%	29.24%
(C) Concentration of Exposures		
Total Exposure to twenty largest borrowers/customers **	7,789.34	6,518.99
Percentage of Exposures to twenty largest borrowers/customers to Total Exposure of the bank on borrowers/customers	31.10%	29.24%
(D) Concentration of NPAs #		
Total Exposure to top four NPA accounts	16.25	27.45

The above represents *Gross NPA*

* Advances represent credit exposure (Funded and Non-funded) including derivative exposure as defined by the RBI.

** Exposure includes credit exposure (Funded and Non-funded), derivative exposure and Investment exposure (including Under-writing and similar commitments).

(38) SECTOR-WISE NPAs

Sr. No.	Sector	Percentage of Gross NPAs to Total Advances in that sector	
		<u>As at March 31, 2013</u>	<u>As at March 31, 2012</u>
1	Agriculture & allied activities	Nil	Nil
2	Industry (Micro & small, Medium and Large)	0.00%	0.31%
3	Services	1.01%	1.08%
4	Personal Loans	Nil	Nil

(39) MOVEMENT OF NPAs**(Rs. in crores)**

Particulars	<u>For the year ended March 31, 2013</u>	<u>For the year ended March 31, 2012</u>
Opening Gross NPAs	27.45	11.28
Additions (Fresh NPAs) during the year	-	16.44
Sub-total (A)	27.45	27.72
Less:-		
(i) Upgradations	-	-
(ii) Recoveries (excluding recoveries made from upgraded accounts)	(2.61)	(0.27)
(iii) Write-offs	(8.59)	-
Sub-total (B)	(11.20)	(0.27)
Closing Gross NPAs (A-B)	16.25	27.45

(40) OVERSEAS ASSETS, NPAs AND REVENUE**(Rs. in crores)**

Particulars	<u>As at March 31, 2013</u>	<u>As at March 31, 2012</u>
Total Assets	55.81	59.59
Total NPAs	-	-
Total Revenue	58.82	35.62

(41) OFF-BALANCE SHEET SPVs SPONSORED BY THE BANK

Name of the SPV sponsored	
Domestic	Overseas
Nil	Nil

(42) DESCRIPTION OF CONTINGENT LIABILITIES.

Contingent Liability	Brief Description
(1) Claims against the Bank not acknowledged as debts.	Includes legal proceedings and outstanding tax matters in the normal course of business, which are disputed by the Bank.
(2) Liability on account of outstanding forward exchange contracts.	The Bank enters into foreign exchange contracts with inter-bank participants on its own account and for customers. Forward exchange contracts are commitments to buy or sell foreign currency at a future date at the contracted rate.

(3) Guarantees given on behalf of constituents, Acceptances, Endorsements and other obligations.	As a part of its commercial banking activities, the Bank issues documentary credit and guarantees on behalf of its customers. Guarantees generally represent irrevocable assurances that the Bank will make payments in the event of the customer failing to fulfill its financial or performance obligations		
(4) Other items for which Bank is contingently liable.	These include: (Rs. in crores)		
		As at March 31, 2013	As at March 31, 2012
	Currency Swaps	23,541	23,855.05
	Interest Rate Swaps	319,777.41	291,020.80
	Currency Options	14,568.80	25,851.58
	Forward Rate Agreement	217.14	1,620.49
	Committed line of credit	396.25	386.00
	Capital Commitments	0.19	0.18
	Cash management cheques under clearing	20.86	11.29
	The Bank enters into currency swaps, interest rate swaps and currency options with inter-bank participants on its own account and for customers. Currency swaps are commitments to exchange cash flows by way of interest / principal in one currency against another, based on pre-determined rates. Interest rate swaps are commitments to exchange fixed and floating interest rate cash flows. The notional amounts that are recorded as contingent liabilities are amounts used as a benchmark for the calculation of the interest component of the contracts.		

(43) SUBORDINATED DEBT

(Rs. in crores)

Particulars	Coupon Rate	As at March 31, 2013	As at March 31, 2012
USD 15 million for a period of 10 years (since December 2003)	LIBOR + 55 bps	68.34	68.34
EUR 8.35 million for a period of 10 years (since September 2005)	EURIBOR + 45 bps	43.90	43.90
EUR 6.32 million for a period of 10 years (since March 2006)	EURIBOR + 40 bps	33.90	33.90
EUR 17.5 million for a period of 10 years (since October 2006)	EURIBOR + 40 bps	99.94	99.94
EUR 20 million for a period of 10 years (since September 2007)	EURIBOR + 50 bps	112.17	112.17
EUR 20 million for a period of 10 years (since December 2007)	EURIBOR + 60 bps	113.48	113.48
EUR 20 million for a period of 10 years (since June 2008)	EURIBOR + 110 bps	134.22	134.22
Total		605.95	605.95

Subordinated debt is reported in the financial statements at the exchange rate on the date the foreign currency was swapped into Indian Rupees. The subordinated debt is revalued, at the year end and the resulting gain or loss on revaluation is recognised in the Profit and Loss Account. The Subordinated debt as revalued as on March 31, 2013 amounts to Rs. 721.96 crores (2012- Rs. 701.85 crores) and the revaluation loss thereon amounting to Rs. 116.02 crores (2012 – Rs. 95.90 crores) is included under ‘Others’ in Other Liabilities and Provisions.

(44) In terms of guidelines issued by RBI vide circular no. DBOD No. BC. 72/29.67.001/2011-12 dated 13th Jan 2012 on “Compensation of Whole Time Directors / Chief Executive Officers / Risk takers and Control function staff, etc.”, the Bank has submitted a declaration received from its Head Office to RBI to the effect that the compensation structure in India, including that of CEO’s, is in conformity with the FSB principles and standards

(45) In terms of guidelines issued by RBI vide circular no. DBS.CO.ITC.BC.No. 6 /31.02.008/2010-11 dated 29th Apr 2011 on “Working Group on Information Security, Electronic Banking, Technology Risk Management and Cyber Frauds- Implementation of recommendations”, the Bank has aligned its IT Policy to comply with the above guidelines which was approved in the Management Committee held on 21st Nov 2011.

(46) To the extent of the information received by the Bank from its vendors, there are no transactions with "suppliers" as defined under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 during the financial year, hence the disclosures as required under the said Act are not applicable. This has been relied upon by the Auditors.

(47) DISCLOSURES RELATING TO SECURITISATION

(Rs. in crores)

S. No.	Particulars	Amount
1.	No of SPVs sponsored by the bank for securitisation transactions*	-
2.	Total amount of securitised assets as per books of the SPVs sponsored by the bank	-
3.	Total amount of exposures retained by the bank to comply with MRR as on the date of balance sheet	
	a) Off-balance sheet exposures	
	First loss	-
	Others	-
	b) On-balance sheet exposures	
	First loss	-
	Others	-
4.	Amount of exposures to securitisation transactions other than MRR	
	a) Off-balance sheet exposures	
	i) Exposure to own securitizations	
	First loss	-
	Others	-
	ii) Exposure to third party securitisations	
	First loss	-
	Others	-
	b) On-balance sheet exposures	
	i) Exposure to own securitisations	
	First loss	-
	Others	-
	ii) Exposure to third party securitisations	
	First loss	-
	Others	-

(48) CREDIT DEFAULT SWAPS

The Bank has not transacted in credit default swaps during the year ended March 31, 2013 (2012 – Rs. Nil).

(49) PRIOR YEAR COMPARITIVES

Prior year amounts have been reclassified, wherever necessary, to conform to the current year's presentation.

For BNP Paribas – Indian Branches
Harshal Vora

Chief Operating Officer
Place : Mumbai
Date : June 21, 2013